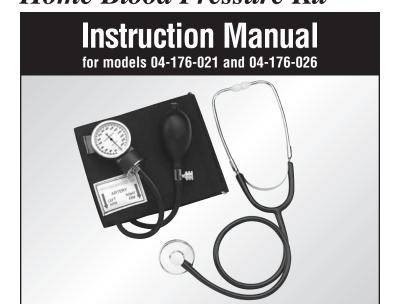
# Two-Party Home Blood Pressure Kit MABIS Taking care of your health care needs



Need help? Call our Toll-Free Customer Care Helpline 800-622-4714

To achieve the maximum benefit from your blood pressure kit, we recommend that you first consult with your physician or trained health care professional.

## **Product Identification**

Thank you for purchasing a MABIS Two-Party Blood Pressure Kit. With proper care and use, your kit will provide you with many years of reliable readings.

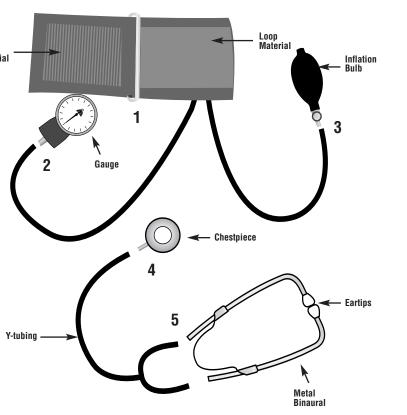
Lay cuff on a flat surface with the metal "D" ring to the left. The unit can be assembled as outlined below:

- **Step 1:** Fold the right end of the cuff in half and insert the end of the cuff through the metal "D" ring.
- **Step 2:** Attach the gauge to the tubing to the left..
- **Step 3:** Attach the inflation bulb to the tubing to the right.
- **Step 4:** Insert the single end of the "Y" tubing into the stem of the chestoiece to form a stethoscope.
- **Step 5:** Remove the metal binaurals from the polybag and insert the ends into the "Y" tubing.

Remember: THE WHITE ARTERY PATCH, HOOK AND LOOP MATERIAL WILL BE ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE CUFF.

**Note:** The adult cuff (Model 04-176-021) fits an arm circumference of 10" – 14". The large adult cuff (Model 04-176-026) fits an arm circumference of 13" – 17".

# Product Assembly



# **General Blood Pressure Information**

### What is Blood Pressure?

Blood pressure is the pressure that is exerted by blood flowing against the walls of the blood vessels throughout your body.

Your heart, which is the center of the circulatory system, provides the force for the blood to flow or circulate. When your heart contracts or beats, the blood is forced through the blood vessels increasing the pressure. This is the highest pressure in the cycle or what is referred to as SYSTOLIC PRESSURE. In between beats, your heart relaxes and your blood pressure decreases. This is referred to as DIASTOLIC PRESSURE.

## **How is Blood Pressure Measured?**

2 120/80 (systolic)/(diastolic)

Blood pressure is measured in millimeters (mm) of Mercury (Hg) and is generally recorded with the systolic pressure (120) listed first and the diastolic pressure (80) listed second. The numbers are typically separated by a slash mark (/) as shown above.

Please contact your physician to discuss your 'normal' blood pressure reading.

## **General Blood Pressure Information**

## What Influences Blood Pressure?

Many factors such as genetics, age, sex, altitude, physical activity, anxiety, muscular development, certain medications or even the time of day can influence blood pressure. Influences such as sleep or relaxation decrease blood pressure, while anxiety or exercise increase blood pressure.

## Why Monitor Your Blood Pressure at Home?

Home monitoring allows you to supplement your physician's office measurements. These home readings, when taken over a period of time, can show an accurate indication of change. Furthermore, your records can assist your physician in evaluating your health and in making important decisions in the diagnosis and treatment of your condition. Because of this, it is important to take consistent, daily measurements.

#### IMPORTANT:

Prior to use, your physician or trained health care provider should be consulted to determine your 'normal' blood pressure, evaluate your technique using this unit and to interpret your blood pressure measurements.

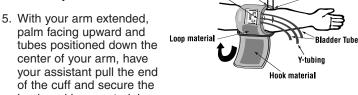
## Helpful Hints for Accurate Readings

- Relax at least fifteen minutes before taking a reading.
- Always place the cuff directly on the skin. Remove any clothing or jewelry that may interfere with the cuff placement.
- Make sure the cuff is snug, but not too snug. One or two fingers should fit between the cuff and the arm.
- Make sure the stethoscope head is directly over the brachial artery.
- Try to use the same arm for all readings unless instructed otherwise by your physician.
- Deflate the cuff at 2 or 3 mmHg per second.
- Remain still with your palm up and arm extended keeping the cuff at the same level as your heart.
- Smile and relax.

## **Applying Your Blood Pressure Cuff**

**IMPORTANT:** Make sure that the unit is assembled correctly. Check eartips to make sure they are securely fastened.

- 1. Sit upright but relaxed in a chair with a back. Keep your feet flat on the floor. Remove any constrictive clothing from your left arm.
- 2. Extend your left arm\* and have your assistant find your brachial artery. This is at the inner aspect your the elbow. Pulse may or may not
- 3. Open the cuff so that you can slide your arm into it. Do not extend the cuff beyond the metal bar.
- 4. With assistance, insert your left arm into the cuff. Position the bottom edge of the cuff approximately one-half inch ABOVE your elbow.
- palm facing upward and tubes positioned down the center of your arm, have vour assistant pull the end of the cuff and secure the hook and loop material.

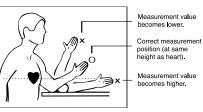


6. The cuff should fit comfortably, yet snugly around your arm. Check for any gaps between the arm and the cuff.

**NOTE:** \*The left arm should be used unless you are unable to or should not use your left arm. Consult with your physician to assess which arm is best for you to use.

## Taking Your Blood Pressure Reading

- 1. Have your assistant insert the eartips into his/her ears. The metal binaural can be adjusted for comfort.
- 2. Your assistant should position the stethoscope's chestpiece over your brachial artery, directly touching the inside of your arm.
- 3. Rest your elbow on a table with your arm facing upward. Elevate your hand so that the cuff is at the same level as your heart. Relax your left



## The assistant will:

- 4. Either hold the gauge or position the gauge so it can be read without being moved. It can be clipped to the gauge strap on the cuff for stability.
- 5. Hold the inflation bulb and turn the air release valve clockwise to close.
- 6. Begin inflating the cuff, SLOWLY AND STEADILY, by pumping the inflation bulb until the gauge reads 30 mmHG ABOVE your last known SYSTOLIC measurement.

If you do not know your last known SYSTOLIC measurement, inflate to approximately 180-200 mmHg.

**CAUTION:** TO PREVENT INJURY TO YOURSELF AND/OR THE UNIT, NEVER INFLATE THE CUFF ABOVE 280 mmHg.

# Taking Your Blood Pressure Reading

Note Reading at Last Sound

- 6. Upon reaching the proper inflation level, SLOWLY AND STEADILY, turn the air valve counter clockwise at a rate of 2-3 mmHg per second.
- 7. As the pressure begins to drop, carefully listen for the pulse beat. Note and record the first thumping sound heard. This is vour SYSTOLIC pressure.
- 8. Allow the cuff to continue to deflate. You will hear changes in the sounds and then no sound at all. When you hear the last sound, note the reading and record. This is your DIASTOLIC pressure.
- 9. Rapidly turn the valve counter clockwise to deflate the remaining air. Remove the cuff and record the measurement on the recording chart.

**NOTE:** If you need to take another measurement, wait a minimum of 15 minutes between readings to allow for the blood vessels to return to normal. The wait time may vary depending on your health.

# Care and Maintenance 1. Do not wash or moisten the cuff.

2. Avoid dropping or hitting the surface of the gauge or stethoscope chestpiece.

**NOTE:** When the cuff is fully deflated, make sure the gauge needle is at zero (within the zero square). A needle outside the square means the gauge needs to be recalibrated by a qualified technician.

As with any other sensitive instrument, the quality and reliability should be checked annually. In other cases, a gauge will need maintenance if the needle falls outside the 'zero square' on a fully deflated cuff. Ship your gauge, prepaid along with \$5.00 for return shipping and insurance, to MABIS Healthcare Inc., 1931 Norman Drive, Waukegan, IL 60085.

## **Limited One Year Warranty**

Your MABIS Home Blood Pressure Kit is guaranteed to be free of manufacturing defects for a period of one year from the date of purchase subject to the following terms and conditions:

- 1. This warranty is limited to the accuracy of the monometer gauge only. It does not include the inflation system (bulb, valves, cuff and bladder). During the term of the warranty, MABIS Healthcare will repair or replace (at their option) any gauge found to be inaccurate due to normal use. This does not include gauges that have been misused or abused. This warranty does not include the cost of replacing any broken parts.
- 2. MABIS Healthcare shall incur no liability under this Warranty for any damage from any cause other than inherent manufacturing
- 3. ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS ARE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WARRANTY. THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.
- 4. This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights, which vary from state to state

## **Quick Start Guide**

body prior to taking a reading.

- 1) Assemble the contents of your kit. 2) A 15-minute resting period is recommended to stabilize the
- 3) Have your assistant find your brachial artery, which is at the inner aspect of your elbow.
- 4) Remove any constrictive clothing or jewelry that may interfere with the cuff placement. Have the cuff wrapped snugly around your left arm with the cuff's bottom edge approximately 1/2".
- 5) Rest your elbow on a table making sure the cuff is at the same level as your heart.
- **6)** Position the stethoscope's chestpiece over the brachial
- 7) Position the gauge in hand or in a stable, readable location.
- 8) Have your assistant slowly and steadily, inflate the cuff 30 mmHg above your last known SYSTOLIC reading. If not known, inflate between 180-200 mmHg.
- 9) At a rate of 2-3 mmHg per second, begin to deflate the cuff.
- 10) The first 'thumping' sound heard is your SYSTOLIC rate.
- 11) The last sound heard is your DIASTOLIC rate.
- **12)** Record your measurements.

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**13)** A 15-minute rest period is needed between readings to allow the blood vessels to return to normal.

**CAUTION:** NEVER INFLATE THE CUFF ABOVE 280 mmHg.

Specifications are subject to change without notice.





