Date Printed: 8/19/2013 Page 1 / 6

Material Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Assistance:

1-847-367-7700



Rust-Oleum Corp. www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification

Product Name: EPOXY 1-GL 2PK 9100 ACTIVATOR Revision Date: 8/19/2013

Product Number: 9101402

Product Use/Class: Activator/Epoxy

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

USA

11 Hawthorn Parkway

Vernon Hills, IL 60061

Prepared by: Regulatory Department

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye burns. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaledCauses eye irritation. Combustible liquid and vapor. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes eye burns. Substance causes moderate eye irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Contact causes skin irritation. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. Substance may cause slight skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Can burn mouth, throat and stomach. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage. Irritating to the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Limestone	1317-65-3	45.0	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3 [Total Dust]	N.E.
p-Nonyl Phenol	84852-15-3	20.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Polyoxyalkyleneamine	9046-10-0	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Talc	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	0.1 mg/m3 [Respirable]	N.E.
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylene	1330-20-7	10.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Isophoronediamine	2855-13-2	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	107-98-2	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.

Date Printed: 8/19/2013 Page 2 / 6

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

Flash Point, °F 113 (Setaflash)

Extinguishing Media: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Combustion generates toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other gases. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Keep containers tightly closed. Combustible liquid and vapor.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Avoid excess heat.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve crossventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

Date Printed: 8/19/2013 Page 3 / 6

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Vapor Density Heavier than Air Odor: Amine

Appearance: Off White Liquid Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether

Solubility in Water:NoneFreeze Point:N.D.Specific Gravity:1.449pH:N.A.

Physical State: Liquid

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

Chemical Name	<u>LD50</u>	<u>LC50</u>
Limestone	>5000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	N.E.
p-Nonyl Phenol	1300 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	N.E.
Polyoxyalkyleneamine	2880 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	760 mg/kg (Rabbit, Skin)
Talc	N.E.	TCLo: 11 mg/m3 (Inhalation)
Benzyl Alcohol	1230 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	1000 ppm (Rat, 8Hr)
Xylene	4300 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	5000 ppm (Rat, Inhalation, 4Hr)
Isophoronediamine	1030 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	N.E.
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	7200 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)	N.E.

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater. soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

Date Printed: 8/19/2013 Page 4 / 6

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Paint	Paint	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	III	III	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	No	Yes, >5L No	Yes, >5L No	No

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA components exist in this product.

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

Canadian WHMIS Class: B2 D2B

16. Other Information

HMIS Ratings:

Health: 2* Flammability: 2 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA Ratings:

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 184

REASON FOR REVISION: Regulatory Update

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Date Printed: 8/19/2013 Page 5 / 6

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Date Printed: 8/19/2013 Page 6 / 6